

BY EVOLUTION ENG



SIMPLE FUTURE

The simple future tense can help you talk about intentions, predictions and promises. Many students have a hard time understanding verb tenses at first, fortunately the future simple is one of the easiest to learn. In this reference, we will take a closer look at the "future simple" in English.

The "future simple" is a verb tense used to express actions that will occur in the future. It is formed with the auxiliary verb "will" or "shall" plus the infinitive form of the main verb. It is used to express things that are expected to happen in the future, such as predictions and intentions



FORMULA AND EXAMPLES

will/shall + infinitive form of the main verb

For example:

- I will go to the store.
- She shall help you.



FORMULA AND EXAMPLES

The auxiliary verb "will" is used for all persons and for most verbs. The auxiliary verb "shall" is used mainly in questions and for the first person singular and plural (I and we).

For example:

- Will you help me?
- Shall we go now?



FORMULA AND EXAMPLES

In negative sentences, the auxiliary verb "will" is changed to "won't" and the auxiliary verb "shall" is changed to "shan't".

For example:

- I won't go to the store.
- She shan't help you



SENTENCES USING THE FUTURE SIMPLE

I will go to the store tomorrow.

• She will help you with your homework.

It is used to talk about actions or situations that will be taking place at a certain specific time in the future. The action starts before that time and will continue after that time.



It is also used for actions that will be performed in the future and will be interrupted by another, or for assumptions or predictions of present and future events. It is also used in interrogative sentences to ask for information about the future. Or for actions unfinished now that will be prolonged in the future



The future continuous in English can be made with either "going to" or "will". The structure is **"Subject + 'will be' + verb + ing" or "Subject + 'To be' + 'going to be + verb + ing"**. They are presented in affirmative, negative and interrogative form.

The negative is presented as "Subject + will + not + be + verb+ing" or "Subject + auxiliary verb (to be) + not + going to be + verb+ing".

The interrogative is presented as "Auxiliary verb will + subject + be+ verb+ing?" or "Auxiliary verb (to be) + subject + going to be + verb+ing?"

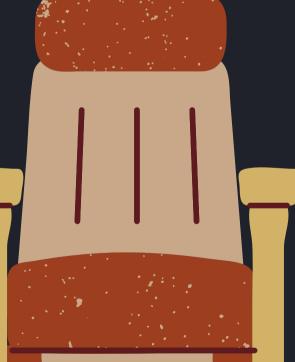
- **Subject:** I, he, she, it, you, you, we, they
- Auxiliaries: will be, am going to be, is going to be, are going to be.
- Verb+ing: doing, going, eating, talking, learning, etc.



SENTENCES OF THE FUTURE CONTINUOUS









You will be playing cards

She will be studying French

He'll be enjoying at the party

It'll be snowing



VIDEO LINKS

FUTURE SIMPLE https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n14zCZAvSjl

FUTURE CONTINOUS https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fsz3T4MT2gc



THANK YOU

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